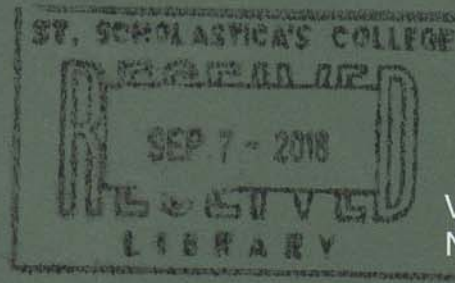




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Articles

- 567 A Within-Person Examination of the Ideal-Point Response Process

Matthew LaPalme, Louis Tay, and Wei Wang

This article demonstrates the importance of considering response processes within-person and that individual differences (such as verbal ability and conscientiousness) can change the way individuals respond to items.

- 582 Development and Validation of an Overreporting Scale for the Personality Inventory for DSM-5 (PID-5)

Martin Sellbom, Sonya Dhillon, and R. Michael Bagby

The current study developed a scale to identify individuals who engage in embellishment of mental health problems or other psychological dysfunction on the Personality Inventory for DSM-5 (PID-5). The results indicate that the effort was generally successful, in that the scale differentiated research participants asked to feign problems on the PID-5 from both genuine patients and honest students. These findings will have implications for using the PID-5 in clinical practice.

- 594 Development and Validation of the Circumplex Scales of Interpersonal Problems

Michael J. Boudreaux, Daniel J. Ozer, Thomas F. Oltmanns, and Aidan G. C. Wright

This study provides reliability and validity data for the Circumplex Scales of Interpersonal Problems (CSIP). Results demonstrated that the CSIP converged with measures of interpersonal behavior, as well as broader assessments of adaptive- and maladaptive-range personality traits and symptoms of psychological distress. The CSIP provides a comprehensive and highly efficient means for characterizing interpersonal problems that may be useful to investigators who study the interpersonal consequences of personality and psychopathology.

- 610 Examination of the Triarchic Assessment Procedure for Inconsistent Responding in Six Non-English Language Samples

Shannon E. Kelley, Josanne D. M. van Dongen, M. Brent Donnellan, John F. Edens,

Hedwig Eisenbarth, Andrea Fossati, Katarina Howner, Antonella Somma, and Karolina Sörman

The foreign translation of psychological assessment instruments requires examination of their psychometric equivalence in linguistically and culturally diverse groups. The present study provides support for the cross-language applicability of a recently developed inconsistent responding scale for a commonly administered self-report measure of psychopathic traits among German, Dutch, Italian, and Swedish participants.

- 621 The Association Between Parent-Reported and Observed Parenting: A Multi-Level Meta-Analysis

A. M. Hendriks, D. Van der Giessen, G. J. J. M. Stams, and G. Overbeek

Parenting is often measured using self-reports or observations. This study has shown that the association between parenting measured through self-report and through observation is small, but significant. The association is larger for negative and positive parenting compared with controlling parenting and the association is larger for studies using questionnaires with more items.

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- 634 Clusters of Financially Incentivized Chronic Pain Patients Using the Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory-2 Restructured Form (MMPI-2-RF)
Luis E. Aguerrevere, Matthew R. Calamia, Kevin W. Greve, Kevin J. Bianchini, Kelly L. Curtis, and Veronica Ramirez
 This cluster analytic study supports the idea that chronic pain patients' scores on the Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory (MMPI)-2 Restructured Form Validity Scales represent two naturally occurring groups: a group that reports a valid presentation of symptoms and a group that reports an invalid presentation of symptoms.
- 645 A Method for Characterizing Semantic and Lexical Properties of Sentence Completions in Traumatic Brain Injury
Matthew J. Kmiecik, Barry N. Rodgers, David M. Martinez, Sandra B. Chapman, and Daniel C. Krawczyk
 This study introduces new scoring methods for a neuropsychological assessment of high-level cognitive functioning, known as the Hayling Sentence Completion Test, often administered to individuals with traumatic brain injury (TBI). These new measures were related to cognitive abilities of individuals with chronic mild-to-moderate TBI and may provide more sensitive cognitive metrics in clinical populations or individuals with mild cognitive impairments.
- 656 An Examination of the Precision of the Autism Diagnostic Observation Schedule Using Item Response Theory
Megan Kuhfeld and Alexandra Sturm
 This study found that scores from Modules 3 and 4 of the Autism Diagnostic Observation Schedule (ADOS) are reliable around the score cutoff that is used during diagnostic assessment for autism spectrum disorder (ASD). However, core deficits in one of two ASD domains measured by the ADOS modules, Restrictive and Repetitive Behaviors, cannot be reliably assessed using the current item set.
- 669 The Observability of Problem Behavior and Its Relation to Discrepancies Between Adolescents' Self-Report and Parents' Proxy Report on Problem Behavior
Marc Vierhaus, Jana Elisa Rueth, and Arnold Lohaus
 The results of the study recommend moving away from broad generalizations (internalizing vs. externalizing) to more discrete behaviors to understand that observable problem behavior may be related to agreement between self-reports of children/adolescents and reports of their mothers.
- 678 Smoking Consequences Questionnaire: A Reevaluation of the Psychometric Properties Across Two Independent Samples of Smokers
Lorra Garey, Kara Manning, Charles Jardin, Adam M. Leventhal, Matthew Stone, Amanda M. Raines, Raina D. Pang, Clayton Neighbors, Norman B. Schmidt, and Michael J. Zvolensky
 The present study provides initial evidence for the construct validity of a shorter, multifaceted Smoking Consequences Questionnaire. This briefer measure that taps into more specific smoking outcome expectancies may be easier to administer and score in clinical and research settings, and will assist clinicians in developing more accurate personalized treatment plans for smokers.
- 693 Four- and Five-Factor Models of the WAIS-IV in a Clinical Sample: Variations in Indicator Configuration and Factor Correlational Structure
Adam M. Staffaroni, Megan E. Eng, James A. Moses Jr., Harriet Katz Zeiner, and Robert E. Wickham
 The current study extends the validation of 5-factor models of WAIS-IV interpretation to a heterogeneous sample of patients referred for outpatient neuropsychological assessment. These findings also lend support to the statistical validity of bifactor and oblique models of intelligence.

Research on Translations of Tests (Online Only)

- e1 Psychometric Properties of the Chinese Version of the Difficulties in Emotion Regulation Scale (DERS): Factor Structure, Reliability, and Validity

Jian Li, Zhuo Rachel Han, Mengyu M. Gao, Xin Sun, and Nigela Ahemaitijiang

The authors provide a Chinese version of a widely used instrument assessing adults' emotion regulation abilities, which could be used in research and practices that aim to better understand the emotions and psychological functioning of Chinese-speaking adults.

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